

The Old Cry.

The church leaders are raising the old cry of persecution. The whole pack of them will be in full chorus before sixty days and the people will be told that all the powers of Earth are arrayed against them.

These leaders have in the past days, now counted by years, employed the same cry of persecution. Since then they have added treason, rebellion and polygamy to their evil practices; and all they desire "is to be let alone." They expect a mighty and powerful people to permit the foul ulcer of Polygamy to remain upon the body politic. They expect that loyal men will listen year in and year out to the treason they preach and not resent it. They expect that their advocacy of the shedding of human blood for the remission of sin will be approved by the silence of the community. They are sadly mistaken. If we mistake not there is a moral power in Utah that cannot be crushed. On the contrary, it is gaining strength every day. Isolation is no longer the motto of Utah; and do the leaders think they can much longer deceive and betray an entire community? The light is dawning. Every day it becomes more powerful. Ere long it will illuminate the darkness, so long the curse of this community.

Because the Government seeks to maintain its authority here—because the many evils and unpunished wrongs and crimes of this Territory are in process of ventilation, the cry of persecution is raised. We have heard that church leaders have gone so far as to inform old women and small children that this journal desires a war between the people and the Government. But they cannot cause old women and small children to believe such balderdash.

The leaders are worried because we do not assail the entire community. They whine dolorously because we refuse to hold the entire people of Utah responsible for the evils now existing. We have before said that this journal makes no war upon innocent men, women and children. We know who are responsible for the evils now existing; and we further know that churchly knaves, unable to meet the statements made by us, resort to the old cry of persecution.

All this pleases us. We have the leaders in a vice. They cannot escape; and with the record they have made, before us, we will brand them so that any person can know how infamously they have abused the confidence of a simple minded people.

The old cry can be employed to the heart's content of the church leaders. We have no objection. The mission of this journal is well known—and side by side with its editorials will be found the record from which we write.

THE GREAT VIGILANCE COM. CASE.—On Monday last, in the case of Thurmond vs. Fox, wherein the jury had rendered a verdict against Defendant for \$3,214.28 damages, Judge Smith, of the Probate Court, on motion of defendant's counsel, ordered the verdict to be set aside, and granted a new trial. The case will be renewed to-day at 10 a. m., when the whole trial will again be gone over with.

MRS. PARTINGTON says: "It is tirm-virate and confederate shame for the Cabinet people at Washington to permit our men of war to hug that Mary Land Shore so much."

A DOWN-EAST editor declares that modesty is a quality that highly adorns a woman, but ruins a man.

AN OLD TOPER says, the two most precious things now included in hoops are girls and kegs of whiskey.

Chief Medical Officer's Report.

We publish below the annual report of the Chief Medical Officer of the District of Utah, which will interest our readers:

Camp Douglas, Utah Territory, is situated within the limits and two miles from the centre of the City of the Great Salt Lake, on a plateau near the base of the Wasatch Mountains.

The location commands the entire city.

Latitude.....40° 46' North.
Longitude.....112° 06' West.
Altitude.....4,500 Feet.
The reservation is four miles square, embracing an area of over 10,000 acres. The soil is light, sandy and porous, with irrigation, will produce all the fruits and cereals of the temperate zone.

The climate is variable and inconsistent. In winter the changes are frequent and very great. At night, frost and snow; in morning, ice and extreme cold, and slush and mud at mid-day.

The alternation of snow and thaw is remarkable, and it is often difficult to tell which will triumph. The summers are hot, dry and without rain. The vegetation is burned up with the intense heat, while terrible winds and clouds of dust render the atmosphere almost intolerable.

The monthly mean of Thermometer and Hygrometer registered at this Post, for the quarter commencing Jan. 1, 1863, and ending March 31, 1863, is as follows:

	Ther.	Hyg.	Fair days.	Cloudy days.	Rain & snow.
Jan.....	28° 25'	26° 00'	11½	19½	2
Feb.....	30° 02'	26° 61'	14	14	3
Mar.....	41° 00'	37° 00'	28½	2½	3

According to observations made in the City of Great Salt Lake during the year 1860, the whole amount of rain was only 12 1-2 inches. The number of fair days, 240; stormy, 30; cloudy and foggy, 95.

The inhabitants of this great central basin of the continent are as peculiar as the country in which they dwell, or the religious faith they profess.

The mass are English, Welsh, Danes and Norwegians. Their chiefs—apostles and prophets—Americans. Their government a theocracy. Their creed, a fungous growth of the present century. It repudiates the celibacy of the Roman Church, and embraces the voluptuous impositions of the Mahomedan. It degrades woman by a legalized system of debauchery and prostitution.

It sanctifies falsehood. It teaches that to commit theft and robbery for the benefit of the church, is a duty. It preaches shedding of blood and human sacrifices for the remission of sin.

The entire system is repulsive to every educated and enlightened mind, and abhorrent to the civilization of the age.

It is a foul blot on the Republic, and a disgrace to the government which tolerates it.

The diseases of the country exhibit no peculiarity. Intermittent, Remittent and Typhoid fevers are known under the generic name of "Mountain fever." It is characterized by intense head-ache, mental confusion, epigastric oppression, vomiting and purging, absence of vigor, and great prostration. It not efficiently treated the prognosis is unfavorable. Catarrhs and Bronchitis, Pleuritis and Pneumonia, follow exposure and are persistent and troublesome.

Ophthalmic diseases, arising from an alkaline soil, acid dust, and a dazzling sun, are as frequent as in Egypt. Rheumatism and Neuralgia are severe and troublesome. Erysipelas is endemic, and an almost invariably attendant on severe wounds.

Rubeola and Variola have, as usual, proved exceedingly fatal among the aborigines—not extended much among the white settlers.

Diphtheria has recently made its appearance. Goutte and cretinism are unknown, although the altitude is great, and the water used, flows from mountains covered with perpetual snow.

Employment of the troops, erecting shelter from the weather, building good quarters for officers and men, drilling, scouting, protection of Overland mail and telegraph, killing Indians, and marrying apostate Mormon women.

The habits of the soldiers are excellent, moral and temperate, more than one-half are members of the "Sons of Temperance," or of the Order known as "Good Templars."

Cleanliness, facilities for bathing are superior—un-surpassed in any country—hot, warm and sulphur springs exist near the city and are enjoyed by all.

Food, of good quality, and quantity ample. Though at Ruby and Bridger the men suffered for want of vegetables, they had to be supplied from this post, a distance of 300 and 120 miles.

Water, excellent, clear and cold, flow-

ing from the Wasatch Mountains and diverted on the east and west sides of the camp.

This command has fought only one battle of any consequence, that of Bear River, Washington Territory, January 29, 1863.

Company K, 3d Infantry, and A, H, K and M, 2d Cavalry, numbering 203 men were engaged. Of these, fourteen were killed, fifty-three wounded and seventy-nine frost bitten. Of the killed, two were shot through the head, seven through the heart, and five through the chest. Of the fifty-three wounded, twelve were shot through chest, six through head and neck, eleven through hand and arms, five through thigh and leg, seven in side and groin, two in eye, ten in shoulder.

No capital operation has been required; all the arms and legs have been saved. The partial amputation of two feet, a couple of fingers and a dozen toes, the sum total.

One officer and seven men have since died, all shot through lungs. The balance have nearly all recovered.

Two officers and probably twenty men will demand to be discharged.

GOOD GRACIOUS ME, WHO EVER SAW THE LIKE?

—On Monday night the Wizard, Martin, astonished the good folks hereabouts. His trickery is most dexterous, his magic most magical, his diablerie most d—lish. We have seen magicians before, Anderson, Simmons, and the rest, but Martin kind o' lays over all of them. Music Hall was jammed, and hundreds were turned away unable to find even standing room, on both Monday and Tuesday nights. Those who were so fortunate as to gain admittance, were delighted and will go again. Pity Martin cannot obtain a larger building. We should like to mention some of his tricks of Legerdemain, but all were so good—all *sui generis*—that we don't know which to select. That baby from Pike county was glorious and Martin's ventriloquism kept the audience in a roar. Whatever else may be thought of that infantile prodigy, it was surely a wise child, if Solomon is to be regarded as authority, for certainly "it knew its own father." Oh! S—house, you naughty man, how could you? Why don't you keep your babies at home?

A decided feature, which closed the performance, was the introduction of dancing, acting, perambulating figures. By the way, can't the Wizard give us an afternoon performance for the children. Those figures would delight them.

To-night Martin will perform some of his most enchanting tricks—entirely new, and never seen before this side the dominions of his Diabolic Majesty. Everybody will go of course. There will be a run on the box office to-day, so go early, if you want to get in.

The State (?) of Deseret.
The following article is from the Virginia Enterprise. It exhibits the general sentiment of the Pacific coast on the subject discussed in it. We desire the people of Utah to know the opinion entertained of the men who have so long deceived them and wantonly trampled upon their rights for the purpose of advancing dishonorable ambitions.

The action of Church leaders in this respect only produces a smile of derision from all reasonable men; and it must certainly occur to these leaders that such proceedings are, to say the least, supremely ridiculous.

"The Territory of Utah presents the anomalous condition of a community with two distinct Governments—two Legislatures, two Governors and two sets of administrative officers. The people of Utah are favored with a Territorial and State Government, with a Territorial and State Executive; and Territorial and State laws are being enacted under a Territorial and State Constitution. James D. Doty is Governor of the Territory of Utah by virtue of his appointment to that position by the President of the United States; Brigham Young is Governor of the State of Deseret by the authority of the Constitution of a State not yet admitted into the Union. This novel condition of affairs is readily explained. A State Constitution was adopted by the people of Utah,

and under it State officers were elected; but Congress did not see fit to confer sovereignty upon the State thus created, and the Territorial Government still remains in force. But Brigham does not intend to be thus defrauded of his executive honors by the caprices of the National Congress; and the State Legislature therefore convenes in solemn session, and the Governor promulgates his messages with the gravity of genuine authority. These acts are of course wholly illegal; but the "Saints" very possibly regard the Legislature of the suppressed State of Deseret as the moral Sanhedrim of Utah, and are prepared to respect its mandates, if for no other reason than to exhibit a certain contempt for the Federal authorities. The Legislative Assembly of Utah adjourned *sine die* on the 21st ult., after a harmonious session of forty days, and the General Assembly of the "State of Deseret" convened on the 23d. The Salt Lake News says, "the message of his Excellency, Governor Brigham Young, was read in joint session by his Secretary, George Q. Cannon, and one thousand copies ordered printed." Heber C. Kimball is Lieutenant Governor of the unadmitted State, and G. Q. Cannon is State Secretary. Both of these worthies delivered addresses before the legislature, and Brigham honored the body with a few remarks.

"The message of Young is dated Executive Office, State of Deseret, January 23d, 1865," and is published in the News as the Governor's message. It is brief, and partakes more of the character of a sermon than an executive communication. He evidently distrusts the propriety of recommending the passage of laws by the 'General Assembly of the State of Deseret,' and therefore confines himself to rambling references to the condition of Utah, and the refusal of Congress to admit it into the Union as a State. Following is an extract from the message of 'his Excellency Governor Brigham Young,' as he is designated by the News:

"The only recommendation ventured by Brigham is embraced in the last sentence quoted above. (Recommended that the gathering 'enact that the laws now in force in the Territory of Utah be in full force and virtue in law in the State of Deseret.'—Ed. VENTRE.) Of course it is utterly nonsensical, as the body addressed has no legal existence whatever, and can neither make nor adopt laws for the government of the people of the Territory. The message refers favorably to the new route to the Pacific, by way of the Colorado river, and concludes with the pious hope that Heaven's blessings may 'rest down upon' the deliberations of the Legislature!

"We are not informed as to the probable duration of this last Mormon farce, nor is any mention made in the News of means by which it is proposed to meet the expenses of the entertainment. We presume, however, that there can be no objection to this style of amusement among the 'Saints' so long as Brigham is content to foot the bills in return for the honor of being mentioned in the News as 'His Excellency, Governor Brigham Young;' still there is a smack of sedition about it quite characteristic of our neighbors, and it is probably as well that the burlesque should be taken from the bills."

PRETTY GOOD FOR A CONTRACTOR.—At the Wizard's exhibition Monday evening, there was a great rush for reserved seats, and many got into the wrong places. Mr. G—, one of our most enterprising, and withal, heaviest (?) Main St. merchants, was enchered out of his front seat by those who accepted the principle that "the early bird catches the wor-rum." When he did arrive he planted himself in front of the orchestra, and with his customary *non chalence* Sw—vowed he would have the seat occupied by the chap who played the big fiddle. Seats all over the house were tendered to G. by the worried usher, but the former insisted on the fiddler's chair. Finally he obtained it, and when the redoubtable Martin asked him why he wanted that particular seat of the fiddler, our merchant friend responded: "Well, to be Frank about it, I had a splendid reason. Don't you know I've got a note contract up at camp?" That let him out, and Martin gave him a seat.

SHERIDAN'S men say that serving in a hard-riding cavalry raid is apt to make a man think about his latter end.

THE PEACE QUESTION.

Mud Springs, Feb. 13th, 8 P. M.

The Julesburg Telegraph Operator has just arrived here, in company with Capt. Wetherwax's command, and gives us the following, which was received by telegraph at Julesburg:

"Some action was taken in Congress regarding mines and mining lands in the West, according to previous arrangements.

President Lincoln, accompanied by Secretary Seward, met the representatives of the rebel government at Fortress Monroe, but the result, as far as known, leads to believe that the 'Chivalry' have not got enough of it yet. The President was emphatic and would come to no terms without the rebels first laid down their arms, besides agreeing to the total abolition of slavery, a conclusion in which the gentlemen of the South are not yet quite prepared to acquiesce.

Deer Creek, Feb. 13th.

Capt. Rinhart of Co. 'G,' 11th Ohio Cav., left this post at day light this morning, with six mountaineers and four of his men, in pursuit of Indians who had stolen stock belonging to a man named Bissonette, and while in pursuit was encountered by a party of Indians at the mouth of Lapperell, where Capt. Rinhart was killed, being shot through the lungs and heart. Wounded three Indians.

Camp Douglas, Feb. 14, 10 A. M.

We learn from Mud Springs this A. M. that a messenger left there this morning with Colorado business for Julesburg. The business will be sent forward from Julesburg East.

The soldiers are rapidly repairing the telegraph line. They have but ten more miles to repair before it is completed."

THE BOISE MINES.—From a private letter from a friend in the Boise country, we extract the following:

"The Boise Mines were discovered in the fall of 1862, and as soon as the report of their richness went abroad, an immense emigration poured into the basin. In the fall of 1863 over five thousand votes were cast in Boise county alone.

Like all other mining settlements, it was subject to some reaction. All could not make fortunes; hence, many were disappointed, and carried away with their scanty 'dust' unfavorable reports of the country.

Still, the Boise mines have continued to be very productive, and have lined the pockets of many an enterprising, industrious and steady miner, mechanic, merchant and professional man. That the mines have more than held their own is evidenced by the vote given at the October election, which was six thousand two hundred and eighteen, in Boise county, being an increase of about one thousand during the last year.

A new impetus is now being given to the prosperity and growth of this Territory, by the unparalleled richness of the Quartz Mines just being developed, and for the first time, fully tested by machinery.

Seven Quartz Mills have been located in Boise county, and three in Owyhee county. A part of these are in operation, and some of the thousands of ledges in the Territory are being thoroughly tested. The yield is extraordinary, ranging all the way from one hundred to four thousand dollars to the ton."

BOOTS AND SHOES

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
GURNEY & CO.,

(At Hooper & Eldridge's old Stand.)

Have just received a large and elegant stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

Of their own manufacture, embracing every style and quality, which they offer at

REDUCED PRICES.

Country Merchants are respectfully solicited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. feb15-1m

Local Matters.

C. B. WAITE & Co. have established themselves in Idaho City, Idaho, as dealers in Mining Stocks, etc. All communications addressed to this firm, respecting Ledges, Mills, Stocks, or anything connected with the Mines in that locality, will meet with prompt attention.

Messrs Wait & Miller are practicing Law at Idaho City. The former gentleman we are personally acquainted with, and can assure our readers that any business entrusted with him will meet with despatch and be conducted in an entirely satisfactory manner.

Who has the "DORG"?—Who is the chap that has tied up, spirited away and otherwise purloined Capt. Hempstead's Newfoundland Purp, "Rolla." Better send him home soon, because that thing is about played out. So says the Captain.

MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES.—We are requested to announce that the meeting of the Trustees of the First Christian Society will be held to-day at 3 p. m. The meeting will be held at the hall of the Y. M. L. Association, G. S. L. City.

MESSRS GURNEY & Co., have opened a splendid assortment of Boots and Shoes at their store. Call and see them at Hooper & Eldridge's old store.

KNIGHT TEMPLARS.—The regular meetings of the Eureka Council of Knight Templars will be held in their hall on Monday evening of each week.

ANOTHER fall of snow on Monday night and yesterday morning. Spring hasn't the slightest notion of coming "prematurely."

ROSENBAUM & Co's Camp Meat Market will be in full blast in a few days. We're "fasting pretty fast" to make room for their choice slices and joints.

CAMP RESTAURANT.—Ayet, of the Camp Restaurant, is making every preparation to have his Eating Saloon second to none in Utah on Pay Day.

GENERAL CONNOR left camp this morning for Fort Bridger on a visit of inspection.

C. B. WAITE & CO.,
DEALERS IN MINING STOCKS. & C.
BOISE CITY, IDAHO TER.
Feb. 14-15

JESSE BEENE,
AUSTIN DRUG STORE.
MAIN STREET, AUSTIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs,
Medicines,
Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
Fine Wines and Brandies,
FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.
All orders promptly filled at lowest market price.
Feb. 13-14

WANTED IMMEDIATELY
AT
WALKER BROS.
FLOUR,
WHEAT,
OATS,
BARLEY,
CORN MEAL,
BUTTER,
BACON,
ALSO
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
FEET OF
SQUARE EDGED LUMBER.
Jan. 15-16

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.90.
DUST—Virginia \$24.00; Boise \$23.

Salt Lake City Prices' Current.

[Corrected Daily by GILBERT & SONS.]
SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 14, 1865.

Dry Goods—				
Prints,	per yard	55	@	60
Gingham,	"	75	@	90
Checks	"	75	@	90
Stripes	"	1.00	@	1.25
Tickings	"	1.25	@	1.50
Bro. Drills	"	1.00	@	1.25
" Sheetings	"	1.25	@	1.50
Osnaburg	"	1.50	@	1.75
Bich'd Cotton,	per yrd.	75	@	1.25
Denims	"	90	@	1.25
Flannels	"	1.00	@	1.50
Spool Cotton,	per doz.	3.00	@	
Groceries—				
Coffee,	per lb.	1.25	@	
Sugar,	"	1.00	@	
Candles,	"	90	@	
Gun Powder,	"	2.00	@	
Tobacco,	"	2.00	@	4.00
Tea,	"	5.00	@	6.00
Bacon, State,	"	80	@	
" Valley,	"	60	@	
Nails,	"	45	@	60
Coal Oil,	per gall.	10.00	@	
Linseed,	"	12.00	@	
Turpentine,	"	15.00	@	
Palm Soap,	per lb.	60	@	
Castile,	"	1.25	@	
Pepper,	"	1.50	@	
Allspice,	"	1.50	@	
Whisky,	per gall.	15.00	@	
Brandy,	"	20.00	@	
Glass 8x10	per box.	38.00	@	
" 10x12	"	35.00	@	
" 10x14	"	37.00	@	
" 12x16	"	40.00	@	
LEATHER—				
Sole,	per lb.	1.00	@	
Harness,	"	1.25	@	
Bridle,	per doz.	125.00	@	
Kip,	"	175.00	@	
White Lead,	per keg.	15.00	@	
PRODUCE—				
Flour,	per 100 lbs.	16.00	@	
Indian Meal,	"	8.00	@	
Wheat,	per bush.	6.00	@	
Barley,	"	4.00	@	
Oats	"	3.00	@	
Eggs,	per doz.	1.00	@	
Butter,	per lb.	1.40	@	
Cheese,	"	50	@	60
Hay,	per ton.	35.00	@	
Straw,	"	25.00	@	
Wood,	per cord.	18.00	@	
Coal,	per ton.	40.00	@	
Molasses,	per gall.	3.50	@	4.00
Potatoes,	per bush.	3.00	@	
Onions,	"	6.00	@	
Dried Peaches,	per lb.	75	@	
" Apples,	"	75	@	
PROVISIONS—				
Beef, fresh,	"	12	@	20
" corned,	"	15	@	18
" dried,	"	00	@	00
Pork, fresh,	"	50	@	00
" pickled,	"	50	@	00
Pigs feet	per lb.	30	@	00
Hams, Valley,	"	1.00	@	00
Mutton,	"	15	@	25
Veal,	"	20	@	00
Sausage, bologna,	"	1.00	@	00
" fresh,	"	50	@	00
Pork head cheese	"	50	@	00
Liver pudding	"	50	@	00

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden to do any work on, or take possession of, or trespass upon the claim known as the MORNING STAR CLAIM, (discovery location.) or upon that other claim known as THE GOSHUTE CLAIM, (discovery location.) both of which are situated in Deep Creek Mining District.
By order of the shareholders.
WILLIAM WATSON,
Secretary and Dist. Recorder.
Camp Douglas, U. T. February 6, 1865. f81w

ODD FELLOWS ASSOCIATION.
REGULAR MEETINGS on every WEDNESDAY evening, in Daft's Hall, G. S. L. City. Brethren of the Order, cordially invited to attend.
R. S. CRAIG, Secretary. feb. 7-11
R. L. WESTBROOK, President.

MARTIN, THE WIZARD,
HAS ARRIVED!
THE WORLD RENOWNED, WONDER-CREATING WIZARD, MARTIN, will appear at
MUSIC HALL, 14TH WARD,
SALT LAKE CITY,
Wednesday and Thursday Evgs,
FEBRUARY 13TH AND 14TH.

Turning as by magic wand, this popular place of amusement to a Gorgeous Enchanted Temple of Magic and Mystery, or a Night in Wonder World; together with innumerable and amusing incidents in Ventriloquism and Mechanical Figures, or apparently Animated Automations, which have invariably been greeted with enthusiastic applause from every audience. These Figures have been brought to such perfection as to defy all competition; surpassing anything of the kind in the world.

See Bills of the Day.
ADMISSION.....ONE DOLLAR.
RESERVED SEATS..TWO DOLLARS.
Children under ten years half price.
Doors open at 6 1-2 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7.
Feb. 10-11

Take Notice!
ROSENBAUM & CO., sell only good fresh beef at reasonable rates, when we conclude to sell half starved Steers—we'll be able to reduce prices—but we will not offer THAT kind to OUR customers just yet, at any price.
Jan. 10-11

W. I. APPLEBY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
will practice in all the Courts of Utah. Debts collected, Deeds, Leases, Powers of Attorney, etc. legally drawn up, and Acknowledgments, Depositions, etc., taken according to Law, for any of the States or Territories. OFFICE at residence on Market street, one block west of the Post-Office, G. S. L. City.
Jan. 26-11

G. McFARLAND.
Dealer in
WINE AND LIQUORS.

Hill's old Stand, Groesbeck's Building,
Second South Street.

Old Hennessy, 1865

Rochelle Brandies,

Pure Holland Gin,

Scotch Whisky,

Bourbon Whisky,

Valley Whisky,

Monongahela, do.

SHERRY, CALIFORNIA, CURRANT,

AND

Champagne Wines.

Particular attention is solicited to an Article of

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

Which is recommended as an unequalled appetizer, and the best strengthening MEDICINE known. Those who have used it to remove the lassitude of the system occasioned by excesses, pronounce it
AN ELEGANT EYE OPENER.

Toning the Stomach to a healthful condition, reducing the head to its proper proportions, and rejuvenating the whole MAN. It gives bloom to the Cheek and brightness to the Eye.

"It gently soothes the brow of care,
And wipes a thousand graces there."

All of the above sold in quantities from a Pint upwards, at a very moderate advance from cost.

G. McFARLAND.
SALT LAKE CITY, January 14th, 1865.
Jan. 14-15

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!

Just arrived from San Francisco and open at

NIXONS OLD STORE

Now occupied by BOURNE & NEEDHAM,
East Temple Street

A beautiful, large and fine selection of

LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD

—AND—

SILVER WATCHES,

GOLD VEST CHAINS,

CHATELAIN CHAINS,

SILVER CHAINS,

A splendid assortment

—OF—

LADIES GOLD SETS.

AND

Every other description of JEWELRY
Also Watchmakers tools, Watch Glasses,
Hands, etc. etc. etc.

Jan. 14-15

School Books,

SLATES, PENCILS,

Stationery,

CIRCULATING LIBRARY, NEWSPAPERS

Groceries Provisions & Seeds.

T. D. Brown & Son.

Jan. 27-11

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the

EASTERN MARKET,

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

Which they offer for Sale at their Old Stand, on

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

MERINOS,

POPLINS, LAWNS, MOHAIRS,

MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,

PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,

CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,

FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS

—and—

DOUBLE SHAWLS

GROCERIES

Of the Finest:

Tea,

Sugar,

Coffee,

Spices,

Dye Stuffs, etc.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Gents' Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

etc., etc., etc.

dec. 15-11

BODENBURG & KAHN.

Jan. 14-15

Proprietor.

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Proprietor.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

HAVING just received a new outfit of Saloon

Fixtures, together with a choice stock of

Liquors and Cigars.

I would most respectfully invite all of my

friends and the public to continue that liberal

patronage which you have always bestowed,

this being the

FIRST SALOON OPENED IN THE CITY

And has never changed hands. I shall endeavor

never to be SECOND TO NONE in keeping the

finest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Mr. JOHNNY CONLY with his PLEASANT

SMILE, is ever ready and willing to wait upon

those who wish to favor this House with a call.

Jan. 26-11

W. L. SHOLES.

AUSTIN M. CLARK, J. W. ARNOLD, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City.

DEALERS IN

COIN,

GOLD DUST

and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New

York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co.,

Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce,

New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. Jan. 15-16

G. ROSENBAUM, CHAS. POPPER, L. NEWMAN.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,

TERRIFIC PLUNGE.—A dreadful accident happened on last Tuesday afternoon, on the line of the Tuolumne County Water Company's ditch, about a mile above Columbia. A colored man, named John Hardy, while attempting to pass over the Company's flume—at a point where it commences a descent of a mountain, at an angle of about thirty degrees—fell in, and in an instant was swept to the bottom, a distance of about forty rods, and thence through a gate into the ditch. The unfortunate man was hurried through a second gate into the Saw-mill Fat ditch, before his body could be recovered. He was probably instantly killed when he struck the bottom of the chute, as the top of his head was all smashed in. He was not in the water more than two minutes; but if he had gone over the Falls of Niagara instead, he would have had about an equal chance for life.—*Columbia Courier.*

A young New England mamma, on the important occasion of making her little boy his first pair of colored trowsers, conceived the idea that it would be more economical to make them of the same dimensions behind and before so that they might be changed about and wear evenly—and so she fashioned them. Their effect, when donned by the little victim, was ridiculous in the extreme. Papa, at first sight of the baggy garments, so "fearfully and wonderfully made," burst into a roar of laughter and exclaimed: "O, my dear, how could you have the heart to do it? Why, the poor little fellow won't know whether he's going to school or coming home."

A CLERGYMAN having preached several times in a small town, in which he had not once been invited to dinner, said, in seriously exhorting his hearers against being seduced by the prevalent vices of the age, "I have preached against every vice but luxurious living, having had no opportunity of observing to what extent it was carried on in this town."

A PHYSICIAN, prescribing syrup of buckthorn for an old lady, wrote his prescription according to the usual abbreviation of *Ramus Catharticus*—"Syr. Ram. Cat." On asking her if she had taken the medicine, she replied, in a great rage: "No! I ain't going to take syrup of ram cats for any body under heaven!"

A WOMAN in Chicago committed suicide because her husband voted the Union ticket. A disappointed Democrat who had been offered an office, remarked upon reading the incident, that the reason why Old Abe got such a majority was because the Republicans hoped their voting might have the same effect.

THE HON. John M. Wood, formerly member of Congress from Maine, died on the 24th Dec., at the Revere House, in Boston, from an attack of lung fever. He was forty-nine years old.

WHAT creatures took the smallest amount of baggage along when they entered the ark. The cock and the fox; they had only one comb and one brush between them.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Apply at my office, one door south of Goddard's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTONE.

September 24, 1864.

Jan 10/5

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—

French and English Merinos,
Alpaca Lustres,

—AND—

Mohairs,
Cobourgs,
Poplins,
Alcetas,
Grenadines,
Ecosais,

ALL WOOL REPS,

Fine Black Silks and Gingham,
of all qualities,

AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES,
Jaconett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and
Barred Muslins,

Victoria and Bishop's Lawns.

The above line complete in every style.
Bleached and Unbleached Table
Damasks,

French Broadcloths and Cassi-
meres,

All Wool French Shawls,
a beautiful selection.

Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta
and Velvet Ribbons,

French Corsets, Cambric Handker-
chiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered
and Linen Collars, Fancy
Dress Trimmings,

PERFUMERY and STATIONERY,
Shakspeare's and other Dramatic
Works, Fancy Albums, and a
great variety of Books suitable
for Christmas and New
Years' Presents.

Also, Wilson's Complete Series of
School Books.

A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,

China, Queens and Tin-Ware,
CUTLERY,

Miners' and Carpenters' Tools,
of every description.

GROCERIES
of finest quality, and

CANDIES
in great variety.

dec24/4

WALKER BRO'S.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy
Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce
taken, for which the regular prices
will be allowed.

jan3-4 N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'ns,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Lawns,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing
elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt
Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

jan5-4

GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City
and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake
City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave
every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NE-
BRASKA CITY,

In charge of the most Competent and Trust-
worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express mat-
ter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City
Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake
City, via Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver, 5 days.

Time to Atchison & Nebraska City, 12 "
jan5-4 J. O. ROBERSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage,
East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the
GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchison, Kansas, and Placer-
ville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the
ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and
convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placer-
ville, Sacramento and San Francisco,
making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. jan14